

Lesson 5.3 – Double Angle Formula – Trig. Equations

I. Deriving the Double Angle Formulas

1. Find $\sin(2\theta)$ using $\sin(\theta + \theta)$
2. Find $\cos(2\theta)$ using $\cos(\theta + \theta)$

II. Using Double Angle Formulas to Solve Trig. EquationsSolve for θ in the interval $[0, 2\pi)$

3. $2 \sin^2 \theta + \sin(2\theta) = 0$

Which formula of cosine should you use and why?

4. $\cos(2\theta) + \cos \theta = 0$

5. $4 \sin^2 \theta - \sin \theta = \cos(2\theta)$ [Use Calculator]

Double Angle Formulas

$$\sin 2u = 2 \sin u \cos u$$

$$\cos 2u = \cos^2 u - \sin^2 u$$

$$\cos 2u = 1 - 2 \sin^2 u$$

$$\cos 2u = 2 \cos^2 u - 1$$

$$\tan 2u = \frac{2 \tan u}{1 - \tan^2 u}$$

III. Practice – Solve for x or θ in the interval $[0, 2\pi)$.

6. $\cos^2 \theta = \frac{1}{2} \sin(2\theta)$

7. $\cos(2\theta) + \sin^2 \theta = 0$

8. $10 \cos^2 x - 5 \cos x - 1 = -\cos(2x)$ [*Use Calculator*]

9. $4 \sin x \cos x - \sqrt{3} = 0$