Lesson 1.3 – Solving Linear & Rational Linear Equations (pages 81-90, 154-156 in Red 9/10 textbook)

## I. **Warm-up: Balancing Equations**

For any equation the left-hand side must always equal the right-hand side. If we add/subtract/multiply/divide the same number of both sides, the equation is still true.

- 1. Write down the equation that results when:
  - a. 5 is added to both sides of 2x 5 = 7
  - b. 3 is taken from both sides of 5x + 3 = 18
  - c. Both sides of  $\frac{3x-2}{4} = -1$  are multiplied by 4.
  - d. Both sides of 5x = -15 are divided by 5.

## II. **Linear Equations: Solving for x**

- 2. Solve for x: 3x + 7 = 22.
- Plug your solution back in for x to check.
- 3. Solve for x: 11 5x = 26. Plug your solution back in for x to check.
- 4. Solve for x:  $\frac{x}{3} + 2 = -2$ . Plug your solution back in for x to check.
- 5. Solve for x:  $\frac{4x+3}{5} = -2$ . Plug your solution back in for x to check.
- 6. Solve for x: 5(x+1) 2x = -7. Plug your solution back in for x to check.

7. Solve for x: 5x + 2 = 3x - 5. Plug your solution back in for x to check.

8. Solve for x:  $\frac{2x+3}{4} = \frac{x-2}{3}$ . Plug your solution back in for x to check.

## III. Practice on Your Own

9. Solve the equation -8 + 9r = -5r

10. Solve the equation 6x + 5 = 4

11. Solve the equation 10(x+4) = 5x + 5

12. Solve the equation 6(b+1) + 5 = -6(b-4) - 7

13. Solve the equation  $\frac{7b+4}{2b-6} = \frac{7}{10}$ 

14. Solve the equation 
$$\frac{5}{5-a} = \frac{7}{a-2}$$

15. Solve the equation 
$$\frac{2}{x} = \frac{3}{4x} + 5$$

16. Solve the equation 
$$\frac{x}{7x-3} = \frac{3}{5}$$

17. Solve the equation 
$$4x - \frac{1}{2}(5 - x) = -\frac{1}{4}(x + 6)$$

18. Solve the equation 
$$0.4(g-9) = 0.9(g-2)$$

19. Solve the equation 
$$-\frac{1}{3}k + \left(-\frac{2}{5}\right) = 1 - \left(-\frac{5}{6}k\right)$$

20. Solve the equation 
$$7(x + 3) = 4(x + 3) + 2$$

21. Solve the equation 
$$9(x - 38778869) + 2 = -3(x - 38778869) - 22$$

## IV. Rational Equations

For rational equations, write all fractions with the same lowest common denominator, then equate the numerators.

22. Solve for x: 
$$\frac{6}{x} = \frac{2}{3}$$
. Plug your solution back in for x to check.

23. Solve for x: 
$$\frac{5}{x+2} = \frac{2}{x-1}$$
. Plug your solution back in for x to check.

24. Solve for x: 
$$\frac{-4x}{x-8} - \frac{11}{x-8} = \frac{25}{x-8}$$
.

25. Solve for x: 
$$\frac{3}{4} - \frac{2x}{4x - 24} = \frac{8}{x - 6}$$
.

26. Solve for x: 
$$\frac{3}{6x} - \frac{9}{12} = \frac{11}{4x}$$
.

27. Solve for x: 
$$\frac{18}{5x-10} + \frac{4}{5} = \frac{-6}{x+2}$$
.

28. Solve for x: 
$$\frac{12}{x^2 + 5x + 6} + \frac{7}{x + 3} = \frac{2}{x + 2}.$$

29. Solve for x: 
$$\frac{1}{10} + \frac{4x}{5x} = \frac{-9}{2x}$$
.

30. Solve for x: 
$$\frac{2}{x-6} + \frac{7}{x+2} = \frac{4x+2}{x^2-4x-12}.$$